# Subpart 23.10—Federal Compliance With Right-To-Know Laws and Pollution Prevention Requirements

SOURCE: 68 FR 43869, July 24, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

# 23.1000 Scope.

This subpart prescribes policies and procedures for obtaining information needed for Government—

- (a) Compliance with right-to-know laws and pollution prevention requirements:
- (b) Implementation of an environmental management system (EMS) at a Federal facility; and
- (c) Completion of facility compliance audits (FCAs) at a Federal facility.

## 23.1001 Authorities.

- (a) Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. 11001-11050 (EPCRA).
- (b) Pollution Prevention Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. 13101-13109 (PPA).
- (c) Executive Order 13148 of April 21, 2000, Greening the Government through Leadership in Environmental Management.

# 23.1002 Applicability.

The requirements of this subpart apply to facilities owned or operated by an agency in the customs territory of the United States.

## 23.1003 Definitions.

As used in this subpart—

Federal agency means an executive agency (see 2.101).

Priority chemical means a chemical identified by the Interagency Environmental Leadership Workgroup or, alternatively, by an agency pursuant to section 503 of Executive Order 13148 of April 21, 2000, Greening the Government through Leadership in Environmental Management.

## 23.1004 Requirements.

- (a) E.O. 13148 requires Federal facilities to comply with the provisions of EPCRA and PPA.
- (b) Pursuant to E.O. 13148, and any agency implementing procedures, every new contract that provides for

performance on a Federal facility shall require the contractor to provide information necessary for the Federal agency to comply with the—

- (1) Emergency planning and toxic release reporting requirements in EPCRA, PPA, and E.O. 13148;
- (2) Toxic chemical, priority chemical, and hazardous substance release and use reduction goals of sections 502 and 503 of Executive Order 13148; and
- (3) Requirements for EMSs and FCAs if the place of performance is at a Federal facility designated by the agency.

#### 23.1005 Contract clause.

- (a) Insert the clause at 52.223–5, Pollution Prevention and Right-to-Know Information, in solicitations and contracts that provide for performance, in whole or in part, on a Federal facility.
- (b) Use the clause with its  $Alternate\ I$  if the contract provides for contractor—
- (1) Operation or maintenance of a Federal facility at which the agency has implemented or plans to implement an EMS; or
  - (2) Activities and operations—
- (i) To be performed at a Governmentoperated Federal facility that has implemented or plans to implement an EMS; and
- (ii) That the agency has determined are covered within the EMS.
- (c) Use the clause with its Alternate II if—
- (1) The contract provides for contractor activities on a Federal facility; and
- (2) The agency has determined that the contractor activities should be included within the FCA or an environmental management system audit.

# PART 24—PROTECTION OF PRI-VACY AND FREEDOM OF INFOR-MATION

Sec.

24.000 Scope of part.

## Subpart 24.1—Protection of Individual Privacy

- 24.101 Definitions.
- 24.102 General.
- 24.103 Procedures.24.104 Contract clauses.

#### 24.000

# Subpart 24.2—Freedom of Information Act

24.201 Authority.

24.202 Prohibitions.

24.203 Policy.

AUTHORITY: 40 U.S.C. 121(c); 10 U.S.C. chapter 137; and 42 U.S.C. 2473(c).

SOURCE: 48 FR 42277, Sept. 19, 1983, unless otherwise noted.

#### 24.000 Scope of part.

This part prescribes policies and procedures that apply requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) (the Act) and OMB Circular No. A-130, December 12, 1985, to Government contracts and cites the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552, as amended.)

[48 FR 42277, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 55 FR 38517, Sept. 18, 1990]

# Subpart 24.1—Protection of Individual Privacy

# 24.101 Definitions.

As used in this subpart—

Agency means any executive department, military department, Government controlled corporation, Government controlled corporation, or other establishment in the executive branch of the Government (including the Executive Office of the President), or any independent regulatory agency.

Individual means a citizen of the United States or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence.

Maintain means maintain, collect, use, or disseminate.

Operation of a system of records means performance of any of the activities associated with maintaining the system of records, including the collection, use, and dissemination of records.

Record means any item, collection, or grouping of information about an individual that is maintained by an agency, including, but not limited to, education, financial transactions, medical history, and criminal or employment history, and that contains the individual's name, or the identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual, such as a fingerprint or voiceprint or a photograph.

System of records on individuals means a group of any records under the control of any agency from which informa-

tion is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual.

[48 FR 42277, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 66 FR 2130, Jan. 10, 2001]

#### 24.102 General.

- (a) The Act requires that when an agency contracts for the design, development, or operation of a system of records on individuals on behalf of the agency to accomplish an agency function the agency must apply the requirements of the Act to the contractor and its employees working on the contract.
- (b) An agency officer or employee may be criminally liable for violations of the Act. When the contract provides for operation of a system of records on individuals, contractors and their employees are considered employees of the agency for purposes of the criminal penalties of the Act.
- (c) If a contract specifically provides for the design, development, or operation of a system of records on individuals on behalf of an agency to accomplish an agency function, the agency must apply the requirements of the Act to the contractor and its employees working on the contract. The system of records operated under the contract is deemed to be maintained by the agency and is subject to the Act.
- (d) Agencies, which within the limits of their authorities, fail to require that systems of records on individuals operated on their behalf under contracts be operated in conformance with the Act may be civilly liable to individuals injured as a consequence of any subsequent failure to maintain records in conformance with the Act.

### 24.103 Procedures.

- (a) The contracting officer shall review requirements to determine whether the contract will involve the design, development, or operation of a system of records on individuals to accomplish an agency function.
- (b) If one or more of those tasks will be required, the contracting officer shall—
- (1) Ensure that the contract work statement specifically identifies the system of records on individuals and